By Dr Carlo Kopp

The Defence Watch public briefing provides some interesting insights in to the thinking of the Defence bureau cracy – especially its capacity to a ccept o bvious contradictions in its own reasoning.

The biggest contradictions lie in thinking on Bey ond Visual Range air combat.

Defence observed that combat within visual range with two equal combatants leads to "mutually assured de struction"... "We believe you need to be out there engaging Beyond Visual Range."

The pre mise that close-in combat is no n-viable is reasonable. Exchange rates have historically been below rates using ambush tactics, including modern BVR combat. However, the exceptional off-boresight and high G capability now in close combat missiles will increasingly become a feature of BVR missiles.

Modern BVR combat involves getting off the first shot. Advantages go to play ers with bigger ra-

A case of convoluted reasoning

dars, lo nger ranging m issiles, lowerradar sig natures, bigger fuel loads and higher sustained speeds. Fuel is energy; energy is life.

Speed is especially valuable as it permits opening and closing distances as quickly as possible to defeat opposing weapons kinematically, provide firing opportunities early, and improve missile range.

The US Air Force F/A-22A tops the pack in precisely these par ameters – recently a sole F/A-22A defeated five F-15Cs in a trial engagement.

If BVR combat will do minate future operations, two im mediate contradictions in current Defence bureauc racy th inking e merge.

The first is that the reduced stealth export JSF will be a viable player in this game—its BVR survivability depends on its X-band stealth capability, as it is not a high performance high speed design.

Even if the RAAF were to spend

a fortum e adding a unique and improved EWS P suite to offset the hob bled ste alth, the battle-field strike optimised JSF will never be a strong BVR combat player. The F/A-22Ad oes everything be tter than the JSF in this game, yet remains ign ored in Canberra.

The second con tradict ion arises when comparing the F/A-18 family and the F-111. In the BVR combat game, the F-111 aerodynamically beats the F/A-18 family on all cardinal parameters. It is much faster, almost twice as fast at the high altitude top end. It carries almost three times the internal fuel of the F/A-18 A.

No less import antly, the F-111 can be driven d own to a lower radars ignature than a n F/A-18 A-B, as it can carry stores

To next page

Pentagon clears tanks for ADF

WASHINGTON – The Pentagon has formally advised it plans to sell 59 General Dynamics M1A1 Ab rams Integrated Management tanks and related equipment to Australia in a deal valued at up to US \$475 million

The Defense Security Cooperation Agency notified Congress of the deal.

Au stralia will buy 59 tanks, seven M8 8 A1 me dium re covery vehicles. The ADF will also get 80 AN/VRC-92F du al long-range single chann el ground and air radio systems, 146 night vision goggles, 73 M2 machine guns, and other equipment.

The M1A1/2 Abrams main battle tank is manufactured by General Dynamics Land Systems.

Toray cashes in on B-7E7

TOKYO – Japan's top maker of synthetic fibre, Toray Industries, has been chosen as Boeing's sole supplier of carb on fibre for the primary structure – wings and floor beam – of the new 7 E7 passenger jet, along with an order for more than US\$3 billion worth of carb on fibre materials over 18 years.

Each plane requires about 30 tonnes of carbon fibre. To ray will build aplant in the US for the order.

"We also expect an addition al \$1 billion order to supply carb on fibre materials for the 7E7's fu selage," Toray President Sadayuki Saka-kibar a said.

The company is also in early discussi ons with Europ ean plan emaker Airbus to supply fibre materials for the 5 55-seat A380

Italians snatch W'land choppers

ROME — Italy's Finmeccanica, 32.4 percent by the Italian government, will buy British partner GK N's half of their helic opter joint venture, A gustaWestland, for£1.06 bil lion.

GKN will use the proceeds from selling its stake in the world's secon d-largest helicopter maker to eye new acquisitions in aeros pace or the automotive sector.

It also plans to pay down debt, chief exec utive K evin Smith said.

GKN's chief executive denied reports that it was interested in three US commercial a ircraft component factories, which Boeing has put up for sale.

Westland's fate caused a political furore in Brita in when it seemed Sikorsky w ould b uy it.

From previous page

in its int ernal bay and i ts shapi ng is much easier to treat with radar absorbent laminates or coatings.

The F-1 11 also has a much larger radar bay sized for the F-14's AWG-9 radar, a legacy of its early role definition as a BVR interceptor. With short wingtips, some of f-the-sh elf stealth treatments, off-the-sh elf internal trapeze missile launchers, and an off-the-shelf radar like the APG-79 or APG-80, the F-111 beats the F/A-18 family as a BVR fighter. With multimode radars about US\$2.5 Mapiece, such an upg rade is neither expensive no r complicated.

When I proposed doing this some years ago, the proposal was ignored by the Defence bureaucracy—third party feedback claiming this was on the bas is of the F-111's inability to fly close-in

PLA accelerates its modernisation

high alpha high G turning do g-fights.

Surviva bility arguments by Defence contain further contrad ictions: "We would have to esc on the F-111 with F/A-18 Hornet aircraft, e quipped with the right sort of weapons. [and] ... in the sort of environment that's likely to be out there in the future, you're always going to have to escor the F111."

Claiming the need to escort the F-111 is nonsense.

Only where airborne Sukhois are on station over the target would it be necessary to escort the F-111 in the target area.

The alternative of "self escorting" F/A-18 variants is demonstrably non-viable against airborn e Sukhoi CAPs, given the Sukhois' radar/missile advantages. Therefore in practice both air craft

would need to be escorted under such conditions.

The tankers and Wedgetails supporting the F/A-18 v ariants would also need to be escorted in such an environment.

Accepting the premise that strike taske dF-111s have to be esc orted, but no t strike-tasked F/A-18As is self c ontradic tory as it is easier for a Sukhoito kill aslo wer F/A-18 variant at 30,000 ft, than a faster F-111 at 200 ft AGL, using a BVR shot

The physics of missile kinematics and radar lo ok-down performance cannot be escaped.

The lack of intellectual rigour which pervades the Defence bureauc racy's reasoning is at the root of the current force structure crisis and unless overcome will continue to create future problems.

Brazil serious on Amazon drugs

BRASILIA – Brazil may shortly allow its air force to start shooting down aircraft suspected of smuggling drugs across its jungles after a six-year delay.

Defence Minister Jose Viegas said the shoot-down law was nec essary to "avoid a constant violat ion by drug traffickers of our airspace," adding that he expects the decision to be well-received internationally.

A decree has been drafted requiring Brazil's air force pilots to follow rules of engagement. A law allowing drastic action has existed for six

years buth as not been ratified by the pre sident.

Brazil's Amazon jungle region, bordering on drug producers Colombia and Peru, is in creasingly used to transport cocaine to Brazilian markets and beyond. Growing consumption of cocaine fuels gang vio lence in Brazilian cities.

Controver sy has surroun ded the policy of shooting down suspected drug planes since the Peruvian air force shot down a small plane in April 2001, killing an American missionary and her daugh ter.

Brazil does not need US help to shoot down suspect planes because ith as its own radar tracking capa bility and fighters.

RAF Herc in Asia collision

LONDON – Some 20 crew and passengers had a lucky escape over Central Asia when a RAF Hercules was involved in a mid-air collision near the Caspian port of Turkmen-bashi—but landed safely.

The Hercules, on a flight from Kabul over Turk menistan, collided with an unidentified jet.

"A nother transit a incraft manage d to clip two prope ller bla des," sa id a mi nistry s pokeswoman.

The Hercules was able to land safely in Baku, Azerbaija n.



This is your banner ad. Nothing fancy. But click on the hyperlink and you can go anywhere in the wide, wide world.

Let's go flying!